

President Obama's 2010 Budget Proposal

Item	Description (From POTUS Budget Request)	2009 funding for Ab. Ed	2010 proposal for Preg. Prev.
CBAE grants	P490  01.30 Abstinence education (discretionary) 109 (2008) 95 (2009) 0 (2010)	\$94,659,000	\$0
Pregnancy Prevention Discretionary Grants	P490 <i>....”making contracts and competitive grants to fund teen pregnancy prevention programs and for the Federal costs associated with administering and evaluating such contracts and grants, of which not less than \$75,000,000 shall be for programs that replicate the elements of one or more teenage pregnancy prevention programs that have been proven through rigorous evaluation to delay sexual activity, increase contraceptive use (without increasing sexual activity), or reduce teenage pregnancy; and of which not less than \$25,000,000 shall be available for research and demonstration grants to develop, replicate, refine, and test additional models and innovative strategies for preventing teen pregnancy; and of which any remaining amounts shall be available to fund other teen pregnancy prevention activities”</i>  01.36 Teen Pregnancy Prevention Disc. Grants .... (2010) \$110	\$0	\$110M
Evaluations	P 490  <i>“Provided further, That in addition to amounts provided herein for [abstinence education for adolescents] teen pregnancy prevention, \$4,455,000 shall be available from amounts available under section 241 of the PHS Act to carry out evaluations (including longitudinal evaluations) of [adolescent] teen pregnancy prevention approaches”</i>	\$4,455,000 for abstinence education	\$4,455,000 for pregnancy prevention
Title V Mandatory Abstinence Education	P491  <i>“This Budget eliminates funding for Community-Based Abstinence Education, the mandatory Title V Abstinence Education program”.....</i>  01.07 Abstinence education (mandatory)..... 28 (2008) 38 (2009) 0 (2010)	\$50,000,000	\$0
Teen Pregnancy Prevention Block Grant to States-mandatory spending	P 491 <i>“The 2010 Budget includes \$50,000,000 in mandatory funds for States, territories, and Tribes to use for teen pregnancy prevention.”</i>		\$50,000,000
Title XX AFL grants: Prevention service demonstration grants using A-H guidelines	P 494	\$13,120,000	\$0

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Title XX AFL grants for teen pregnancy prevention grants	P 494 <i>“Provided further, That of the funds made available under this heading for carrying out title XX of the PHS Act, \$13,120,000 shall be for activities specified under section 2003(b)(2), of which \$9,840,000 shall be for programs that replicate the elements of one or more teenage pregnancy prevention programs that have been proven through rigorous evaluation to delay sexual activity increase contraceptive use (without increasing sexual activity), or reduce teenage pregnancy and of which \$3,280,000 shall be available for research and demonstration grants to develop, replicate, refine, and test additional models and innovative strategies for preventing teen pregnancy.”</i>	\$0	\$13,120,000
TOTAL		\$162,234,000	<b>\$177,575,000</b>

### Additional information

Source	Quote
From the Administration summary	<b>Prevents Teen Pregnancy.</b> The Budget supports State, community-based, and faith-based efforts to reduce teen pregnancy using evidence based models. The program will fund models that stress the importance of abstinence while providing medically-accurate and age-appropriate information to youth who have already become sexually

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From ACF Justification (p 74)	<p>Teen Pregnancy Prevention Initiatives (+\$110 million) – This budget proposed a new initiative to support efforts to reduce teenage pregnancy using age-appropriate, evidence-based methods that stress the importance of abstinence while providing medically-accurate information about ways to reduce the risks of pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. Approximately 275 discretionary grants will be funded along with evaluation activities that employ rigorous methodology to identify effective program models.</p>
From ACF Justification (p 94-95)	<p>The new teen pregnancy prevention initiative addresses rising teen pregnancy rates by supporting evidence based models that provide medically accurate and the appropriate resources to reduce the risks of pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. These funds will support both the replication of evidence based models and remonstrations programs to identify new effective approaches.</p> <p>The budget provides \$110 million in discretionary funds for a competitive grant program for community and faith based organizations as well as outreach, training, technical assistance and evaluation. Not less than \$75 million will be used to fund grants for programs to replicate curriculum based models that have been shown through strong evaluation (defined as experimental) to be effective in reducing teens pregnancy, delaying sexual activity or improving contraception use (without increasing sexual activity). Not less than \$25 million will be used to fund grants for demonstration programs to develop, replicate, refine, and test additional models and innovative strategies for preventing teen pregnancy. These programs do not necessarily have to have a rigorous evaluation demonstrating effectiveness but must show promise and potential. The models grantees propose to use will be subject to rigorous evaluation and if shown to be effective, grantees may be eligible for funding under the \$75 million designated for evidence-based programs. All grantees must use a curriculum that is both age appropriate and medically accurate.</p> <p>The Secretary will award grants to non profit faith based and community organizations for teen pregnancy prevention programs for youth ages 12 to 19. Grants will last 3 to 5 years and provide an average of \$350,000 with a 25% match requirement. All applicants must agree to randomly assign participants if selected for a national evaluation.</p> <p>Approximately 20 curriculum-based models have been evaluated using a rigorous experimental design and shown to reduce teen pregnancy rates, increase contraception use or delay the onset of sexual activity. Many of these programs have a strong emphasis on abstinence and encourage teens to wait to have sex, but also provide information on contraception and comprehensive sex education. The most success programs usually include a youth development component, such as service learning, academic support, or opportunities to participate in sports and the arts. Although several models have been identified, research on teen pregnancy is still emerging. The budget directs most funds towards programs that have been shown to be effective but also provides room for innovation to identify new approaches.</p> <p>The budget also funds activities to support parents in communicating with their children about teen pregnancy and other high-risk behaviors. These funds will be used for an interactive website and other outreach activities for parents, youth, teachers, and community members.</p> <p>The budget also seeks authorization for a new \$50 million mandatory teen pregnancy prevention grants to states, tribes and territories.</p>
From HHS justification (p 122)	<p>In this request, \$13.1 million will be used to support AFL prevention demonstration and research projects. Approximately \$9.8 million of this will support programs that replicate the elements of one or more teenage pregnancy prevention programs that have been proven through rigorous evaluation to delay sexual activity, increase contraceptive use (without increasing sexual activity), or reduce teenage pregnancy. The remaining \$3.2 million support grants to develop, replicate, refine, and test additional models and innovative strategies for preventing teen pregnancy.</p>